2020 REPORT on the ECONOMIC PERFORMANCE of ILOCOS REGION
After months of data collection, data validation, estimation and deliberation, the Philippine Statistics Authority (PSA) released the regional accounts, namely the Gross Regional Domestic Product (GRDP) and Gross Regional Domestic Expenditure (GRDE). These were disseminated through a regional dissemination forum conducted by the regions.

The PSA-Regional Statistical Services Office I (RSSO I) conducted its regional dissemination forum on the 2020 Report on the Economic Performance of Ilocos Region on 29 April 2020, 10:00 AM at Aureo Hotel and Resort, Canaoay, City of San Fernando, La Union. The event was also conducted virtually via video-conference. The news conference was participated by a total of 100 participants from various media organizations, Regional Line Agencies (RLAs), and Local Government Units (LGUs).

Below is the list of participating agencies:

**REGIONAL LINE AGENCIES/LOCAL GOVERNMENT UNITS**

| Bureau of Fisheries and Aquatic Resources - Regional Office I | LGU - San Emilio, Ilocos Sur |
| Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas - La Union Regional Office | LGU - Vigan City, Ilocos Sur |
| Commission on Higher Education - Regional Office I | LGU - City of San Fernando, La Union |
| Civil Aviation Authority of the Philippines | LGU - Balaoan, La Union |
| Department of Trade and Industry - Regional Office I | LGU - Bacnotan, La Union |
| Department of Tourism - Regional Office I | LGU - Aringay, La Union |
| Department of Health - Center for Health and Development I | LGU - Pugo, La Union |
| Department of Labor and Employment - Regional Office I | LGU - Bugallon, Pangasinan |
| Department of Education - Regional Office I | LGU - San Emilio, Pangasinan |
| Department of Agriculture - Regional Field Office I | LGU - Balungao, Pangasinan |
| Department of Environment and Natural Resources - Regional Office I | LGU - San Carlos City, Pangasinan |
| Department of Social Welfare and Development - Regional Office I | LGU - Aguilar, Pangasinan |
| Department of Energy - Luzon Cluster | LGU - Bayambang, Pangasinan |
| Department of Budget and Management - Regional Office I | LGU - Infanta, Pangasinan |
| Department of Agrarian Reform - Regional Office I | LGU - Dagupan City, Pangasinan |
| DENR - Environment Management Bureau Region I | LGU - Mangaldan, Pangasinan |
| Land Transportation Office - Region I | LGU - Sison, Pangasinan |
| National Telecommunications Commission | LGU - Mabini, Pangasinan |
| National Economic and Development Authority - Regional Office I | LGU - Lingayen, Pangasinan |
| Philippine Information Agency - Regional Office I | LGU - Mangatarem, Pangasinan |
| Philippine Information Agency - Ilocos Norte and Ilocos Sur | LGU - San Manuel, Pangasinan |
| Philippine Information Agency - Pangasinan | Municipal Civil Registrar Offices |
| Philippine National Police - Regional Office I | Municipal Planning and Development Offices |
| Philippine Ports Authority - Region I | | |
| Philippine Statistical Association, Inc. | | |
| PSA - Provincial Statistical Offices | | |
| Provincial Government of Ilocos Norte | | |
| Provincial Government of La Union | | |
| Provincial Government of Pangasinan | | |
| LGU - Candon City, Ilocos Sur | | |
| LGU - Santa, Ilocos Sur | | |
| LGU - Cabugao, Ilocos Sur | | |
| LGU - Sta. Catalina, Ilocos Sur | | |

**MEDIA ORGANIZATIONS**

| MHO - Radyo Karruba | | |
| DZNL - Aksyon Radyo | | |
| Love Radio La Union | | |
| DQRS - Radyo Pilipinas, Tayug | | |
| DZAG - Radyo Pilipinas, Agoo | | |
| 104.3 My FM La Union | | |
| Timek ti Amianan | | |
| GMA-TV 10 Dagupan | | |
| Philippine News Agency | | |
The program started with an invocation, followed by the National Anthem. After which, Information Officer I (IO I) Jim Ian A. Baustista of PSA-RSSO I acknowledged the virtual and on-site participants.

**OPENING REMARKS**

Ms. Camille Carla U. Beltran, Officer-in-Charge (OIC) of the Civil Registration and Administrative Support Division (CRASD) of the PSA-RSSO I welcomed the participants and expressed her gratitude to those who participated in the said event. She emphasized that with the data collected from various data sources PSA was able to generate quality statistics that will have a significant impact in the lives of Filipinos through the programs of the government and private planners.

**MESSAGE OF THE NATIONAL STATISTICIAN**

Usec. Claire Dennis S. Mapa stressed in his message that the GRDP and GRDE are both important tools that economic managers, planners, and policy makers use to come up with decisions and formulate sectoral policies and program. It provides investors an idea for business opportunities and expansions in the region.

He informed that the PSA’s main business is to produce official statistics despite the challenges experienced due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Usec. Mapa expressed his gratitude to the data providers in the government, private institutions, and individuals for responding to the survey and supporting PSA’s data collection activities.

Usec. Mapa announced the release of the 21-year series of PSA’s regional accounts. This contains the complete tables of the GRDP and GRDE starting year 2020 and it can be downloaded in the PSA website. By this, researchers and local planners can track the historical performance of the regional economies in the last 20 years.

He expressed his gratitude to the stakeholders for joining the news conference and for their continuous support and collaboration with PSA.

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**DEFINITION OF TERMS**

- **GRDP** = Total value of goods and services produced in the region
- **GRDE** = Total expenditure of the residents + the expenditure in other regions and in the rest of the worlds
OVERVIEW OF GRDP AND GRDE CONCEPTS

Mr. Juanito Y. Yabes, Chief Statistical Specialist (CSS) of the Statistical Operations and Coordination Division (SOCD) discussed the overview of the GRDP and GRDE. He talked about the regional accounts and the overall revision and rebasing of these accounts. An audio-visual presentation (AVP) on the concepts of GRDP and GRDE and the overall revision and rebasing of the regional accounts were also played during the activity.

PRESENTATION OF THE 2020 REPORT ON THE ECONOMIC PERFORMANCE OF ILOCOS REGION

Atty. Sheila O. De Guzman, OIC-Regional Director of PSA-RSSO I, presented the 2020 report on the Economic Performance of Ilocos Region. She reported that the region’s Gross Domestic Product (GDP) was 581.9 billion pesos in 2020, at constant 2018 prices. The economy of the region declined by 7.7 percent in 2020. The 2020 GRDP was 48.5 billion pesos lower than the estimated value of GDP in 2019.

She reported that Financial and Insurance activities posted the highest growth of 7.7 percent, from 22.6 billion pesos in 2019 to 24.3 billion pesos in 2020. This was followed by Information and Communication with 6.5 percent; Human Health and Social Work activities with 5.7 percent; Public Administration and Defense and Compulsory Social activities with 4.4 percent; and Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing with 0.9 percent. She emphasized that there were five industries which registered positive growth rates in 2020.

She added that Accommodation and Food Service activities recorded the largest decline with 46.6 percent. Other services which include Arts, Entertainment, and Recreational Services followed with 41.5 percent. Then, Transportation and Storage with 32.4 percent; Real Estate and Ownership of Dwellings, 16.7 percent; Construction, 14.6 percent; Mining and Quarrying, 11.4 percent; Education, 8.2 percent; Manufacturing, 7.0 percent; Professional and Business Services, 6.6 percent; Wholesale and Retail Trade, Repair of Motor Vehicles and Motorcycles, 2.7 percent; and Electricity, Steam, Water and Waste Management, 1.4 percent. She emphasized that these industries contributed to the decline in the economy of Ilocos Region.

According to her, the economy of Ilocos Region is predominantly Services-based, accounting for 51.4 percent of the total GRDP, followed by Industry with 29.2 percent share. Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing had the lowest percentage share of 19.4 percent.

She discussed the share of industries to the regional economy of Ilocos Region, at constant 2018 prices. In terms of the distribution of the sub-industries under Services, Wholesale and Retail Trade and Repair of Motor Vehicles & Motorcycles accounted for the biggest share of 34.9 percent.
This was followed by the Real Estate and Ownership of Dwellings with 11.9 percent share; Education with 11.3 percent share; Financial and Insurance activities with 8.1 percent share; Information and Communication with 7.9 percent; Public Administration and Defense with 6.6 percent share; Transportation and Storage with 4.8 percent; Human Health and Social Work activities with 4.6 percent; Accommodation and Food Services activities with 3.7 percent; Professional and Business Services with 3.3 percent; and Other Services with the smallest share of 3.0 percent.

For the Industry sector, Construction accounted for the biggest share with 45.4 percent. Manufacturing with 29.6 percent share; followed by Electricity, Steam, Water and Waste Management accounted for 24.2 percent. Meanwhile, Mining and Quarrying had the least share with only 0.8 percent.

She also stated that in terms of the contribution of the industries to the overall decline in the economy of the region, Services contributed the biggest percentage points of 5.0 out of the total 7.7 percentage decline; Industry contributed 2.8 percentage points. On the other hand, Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing contributed a 0.2 percentage point to economic growth of the region.

Afterwards, she discussed the 2020 GRDE of Ilocos Region. She said that in terms of growth rates, only Government Final Consumption expenditure registered growth with 7.6 percent. The rest of the expenditure items posted lower growth rates. Exports of Goods and Services to rest of the world has the largest decline accounting to 50.0 percent. This was followed by imports of Goods and Services from the rest of the world with 36.8 percent; Gross Capital Formation with 22.2 percent; and Household Final Consumption expenditure with 8.0 percent.

Furthermore, in terms of share of expenditure items to the regional economy, Household Final Consumption expenditure had the highest share with 98.3 percent. This was followed by Gross Capital Formation with 29.5 percent; Government Final Consumption expenditure with 18.1 percent. A negative percent share was recorded by Net Exports to the rest of the world with 2.2 percent and Net Export to rest of the Philippines with 43.8 percent.

According to her, the total expenditure of Ilocos Region declined by 7.7 percent. The top contributors to the decline are the following expenditure items: Household Final Consumption expenditure with 7.9 percentage points, Gross Capital Formation with 7.8 percentage points, and Exports of Goods and Services to rest of the world with 3.1 percentage points.

She informed the participants on the Per Capita Performance of Ilocos Region or the Per Capita GRDP/GRDE.

The per capita GRDP/GRDE of Ilocos Region in 2020 was estimated at 110,400 Pesos, a decline of 8.5% from the previous year at 120,625 Pesos. Per capita GRDP is the total GRDP level of the region divided by its total population to see how much each individual contributes to the regional economy.
On the other hand, the per capita Household Final Consumption Expenditure of Ilocos Region in 2020 was estimated at 108,577 pesos, which declined by 8.8 percent from the previous year’s level of 119,069 pesos.

Among the 17 regions, seven regions posted higher decline than the national GDP decline of 9.6 percent. Ilocos Region ranked ninth among the regions with the lowest contribution to the decline in the economy. Region III or Central Luzon recorded the largest decline at 13.9 percent while Bangsamoro Autonomous Region in Muslim Mindanao registered the smallest decline with 1.9 percent.

In terms of the economic structure, Ilocos Region is one of the 16 regions whose economy is predominantly Services-based in 2020. Meanwhile, Region IV-A is the only region predominantly industrial while no region was predominantly agricultural.

Lastly, the share of each person to the total GRDP/GRDE or the per capita GRDP/GRDE of Ilocos Region was recorded at 110,400 pesos, lower than the national per capita GDP at 161,137 pesos. Ilocos Region ranked 9th in terms of per capita GRDP among all regions. National Capital Region ranked first. The 2020 per Capita Index of Ilocos Region to the National Average is 68.5 percent.

In summary, Ilocos Region ranked ninth with the smallest decline; in terms of per capita GRDP/GRDE, it also ranked ninth among the 17 regions; Financial and Insurance Activities accounted for the highest growth as well as the biggest contributor to economic growth; and Government Final Consumption Expenditure posted the highest growth as well as the biggest contributor to expenditure growth.

To end her presentation, Atty. De Guzman acknowledged all the data sources that contributed in the estimation of the 2020 GRDP and GRDE.

**STATEMENT FROM THE NATIONAL ECONOMIC AND DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY (NEDA)**

Dr. Irenea B. Ubungen, Assistant Regional Director of NEDA-RO I, delivered the statement of their agency regarding the report on the 2020 Economic Performance of Ilocos Region. Here is the full statement:

“Who could ever imagine that this pandemic will come during our lifetime? As I speak today, Region 1’s resilience is continuously being challenged. The year 2020 was relentless. The COVID-19 pandemic has not spared anyone - rich and poor countries and people alike, men and women, young and old.

I remember, we were ready to take off and sustain our economic momentum then, registering a consistently strong and robust economy over the years, when, at a wink of an eye, we reverted back. A portion of our economy had to be shut down with the quarantines.
and lockdowns. As the famous economic maxim states: Everything is a trade-off. Painfully, we were pressed by the question of choosing between our economy and the safety of our people. Nonetheless, we remained calm and tried to strike a balance.

Let me share with you our story on the year that was.

The Corona Virus Disease showed the most devastating impact on our region’s economic landscape as our Region’s Gross Domestic Product contracted by -7.7 percent in 2020. This is way below the GRDP target of 1.5 to 2.7 percent for that year. This record low performance of our economy is not only seen in Region 1, but the trend is the same in all regions of the country – all experienced contraction. This decline was anticipated as the flow of goods and services was hampered, and people’s interaction with the economy was severely restricted by the life-saving stay-at-home measures and lockdowns. These were also done to respond to the distress calls of the health workers. The good news is, we are better than half of the country’s regions as we ranked in the middle among the 17 regions of the country.

Looking at the demand side, household final consumption expenditure contracted by -8.0 percent in 2020 from a 5.1 growth registered in 2019 as private household spending declined due to lower income and closure of some businesses during the pandemic. Government final consumption expenditure, on the other hand, grew from Php 98 Billion in 2019 to Php105 Billion in 2020, or a 7.6 percent growth in 2020. Expansion of cash-subsidy packages such as the Social Amelioration Program (SAP) of the Department of Social Welfare and Development, the community-based package of assistance to displaced workers by the Department of Labor and Employment, and other local government initiatives to provide social safety nets augmented government expenditure. Investments also fell as the Gross Capital Formation for full-year 2020 contracted by -22.2 percent, a reversal from the 13.9 growth in 2019. Based on DTI data, there was a 63.6 percent reduction in investments in 2020 as compared to 2019.

Examining the supply and production side. Majority of the subsectors of the Service sector suffered contraction, some of which double-digit but this sector still accounted about one half of the region’s total output. The double-digit decline in the accommodation and food service activities in 2020 might have been the impact of health protocols that limited travels and touristic activities, indoor dining, imposed curfews, and closure of some accommodation establishments. As mass gatherings were restricted, areas for tourism and of entertainment such as parks and cinemas, along with religious events were affected by protocols. This contributed to the decline in other service activities such as arts, entertainment, and recreation.
Preliminary data from DOT as of the 3rd quarter of last year showed that tourist arrival in the region was only 31,898. This is only about 1.5 percent of the tourists who visited the region in 2019. In the transport and storage sector, the drop can be attributed to limited operations and the reduced load of public transportation. Measures such as limiting indoor dining and tourism activities, instituting age restrictions to public spaces, and border controls coupled with the overall decline in leisure travel impacted also these declines. These contributed also to the negative performance of Wholesale and retail trade but it still accounted the largest share to the Services sector. On the other hand, the closure of some schools, some of which temporary, and the adoption of other learning platforms contributed to the decline in the output of the education subsector.

Notwithstanding these downswings, positive growth was recorded in the Financial and Insurance Service subsector at 6.5 percent which was made possible through the implementation of Bayanihan 1 and the government’s efforts to realign funds to COVID-19 response programs and projects. The Information and Communication Service subsector also registered positive growth at 6.5 percent and this was largely driven by reliance on internet and communication services as the more practical option during the pandemic. The heightened need for ICT has been inevitable for all sectors, but most especially in the social and economic sectors. The human health and social work service subsector also posted growth at 5.7 percent, and this uptick was largely driven by the needed continuous expansion in public health, facilities, and social work activities.

The industry sector also suffered a setback as it recorded a 9.4 percent decline. A moderate decline was recorded in the manufacturing, and electricity, water, and waste management industries at -7.0 percent and -1.4 percent, respectively. Meanwhile, construction and mining and quarrying sub-sectors recorded negative growth at -14.6 percent and -11.4 percent, respectively. These steep declines were due to the decreased demand for mineral resources coupled with limited operations in the construction, particularly in the private sector. The Annual Regional Project Monitoring Report showed that most of the planned major infrastructure projects were implemented in the region with a high performance of 97 percent and a total expenditure of more than 1.5 billion pesos. Despite the strong performance of the government in construction, it was not enough to pull up the subsector’s performance because we were missing the private sector’s input. The overall sector’s performance was exacerbated by the reduction in the production of sand and gravel and other non-metallic mineral resources such as silica, shale, and bentonite.

In the Agriculture, Fisheries, and Forestry sector, the region recorded a 0.9 percent increase in 2020 compared to the previous year, and with an increase to 19.4 percent share from the region’s total output from the recorded 17.7 percent last year. Although it recorded a lower growth rate compared to last year’s growth, the positive growth indicates the strength of the region when it comes to the agricultural, fisheries, and forestry sectors. Cereal production slightly increased in 2020 at 0.39 percent with the 2.78 percent increase in the production of rice. The region benefited in the significant reduction of damages due to weather and climate-related disasters during the year, translating to the mentioned growth in production. However, livestock and fisheries
suffered in 2020 as they experienced declines in production. The livestock production suffered a decline of 8.95 percent because of the African Swine Fever (ASF) and the lesser demand for other types of livestock such as goat, cattle, and carabao. Fisheries and Poultry also went down by -1.38 and -1.36 percent, respectively. The fishery subsector in 2020 was mainly affected by the limited supply of planting materials for seaweeds, smaller sizes of fish catch of yellowfin tuna, and the non-stockling of some farms due to low water level. Meanwhile, the low production in poultry was mainly due to the closure of some commercial farms in Pangasinan and La Union.

On the positive note, we are making significant strides to protect our farmers and fisherfolks and evidence to this was the continuous increase in the number of insured farmers and fisherfolks. From 185,000 in 2018 and to almost 284,000 in 2019, the number continued to increase recording 293,000 insured farmers and fisherfolks in 2020.

A look into the labor market, data shows that there is a sharp increase in the annual unemployment rate from 5.3 percent in 2019 to 13.4 percent in 2020. This corresponds to the overall decrease in employment rate to 86.6 percent in 2020 from the recorded 94.7 percent in 2019. Examining it closely, quarterly data showed continued improvement from a dip of 22.3 percent unemployment rate during the second quarter of 2020 to 11.1 and 11.5 percent in the third and fourth quarter, respectively. Hence, labor prospects in the region will continue to rebound to its pre-pandemic levels, if only we adhere strictly to the minimum health protocols.

Our inflation rate continued to be stable through 2020 with an annual average of 2.71 percent. Sharp increase in the inflation rates were recorded in November and December at 3.8 and 3.6 percent, respectively, but these were mainly because of the higher demand of consumer goods for the holiday season. Except for Alcoholic, Beverages and Tobacco which registered a double-digit inflation in December 2020, inflation rate for the rest of the commodities were relatively low with Food and Non-Alcoholic Beverages having a 4.5 percent inflation, transport at 4.2 percent and recreation and culture with a -0.3 percent, the lowest among all commodities. The relatively low inflation has cushioned the ill-effects of the pandemic, especially to the poor and marginalized sector as they are the first to be affected by any upward movement of prices.

Let me reiterate that we are faring relatively better compared to other regions that, similar to us, suffered the same bouts. We are even better than the country’s economic performance at -9.6 percent. We are second, next to MIMAROPA, among the eight regions in Luzon, including NCR, that have better performance in 2020. Nonetheless, we must remain vigilant as we continue to traverse in these uncertain times and continue to pour in efforts to revive our economic performance.

**Region’s outlook and prospects**

Despite our shortfall, we shall remain optimistic and steadfast. Note that our pre-pandemic economic position, that was 2019, made us the second-fastest-growing region in the country with 7.3 percent growth. So there is no reason that we cannot bounce back.
STATEMENT FROM THE NATIONAL ECONOMIC AND DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY (NEDA)

It is still uncertain when the pandemic will end, maybe sooner or later, or in a span of two to three years, no one really knows. So, we need to learn how to live with it, and adapt to it. We continue to implement the whole-of-nation approach and be one in making our lives better amidst this crisis.

Our collective efforts contributed in mitigating the impact of the pandemic in the countryside. With the interventions laid out in the Enhanced Ilocos Regional Development Plan (RDP) 2017-2022 Midterm Update, we hope to respond better to the pandemic.

With the gradual opening of our economy and enhancing the capacities of our frontline and health services through the roll-out of vaccination program in the region, we will certainly regain our economic momentum.

We shall continue to prioritize our policy directions to further improve the management of the health crisis and expedite economic recovery. We shall build confidence through the vaccination program and restore investor and consumer confidence to boost domestic demand. We shall continue to address rising food prices in these most difficult times. We shall continue to ramp up programs for our displaced workers and strengthen the development of ICT to be attuned to the new and better normal.

More importantly, we shall continue to comply with public health measures to avoid another surge of cases. In this regard, we shall continue the heightened implementation of the Prevent, Detect, Isolate, Treat, and Reintegrate or the PDITR strategy. This is an essential strategy to manage the risks and to safely reopen the economy.

We have seen how government spending has somehow cushioned the region’s economy to further slid down in 2020. Hence, for this year and beyond, we will continue to implement major infrastructure projects in the region that will promote connectivity and provide the needed push to our region’s economic resilience.

Of course, this endeavour will only be successful with your help. We are confident that you will do your part by strictly following health protocols such as wearing masks properly, practicing hand hygiene, staying at home as much as possible, and practicing social distancing.

Today, more than ever, we also call upon our development partners, regional line agencies, local government units, private sector, civil society organizations, including our friends from the media to continue our commitment to uplift the lives of our people in Region 1 during these difficult times. Let us continue to hold the torch of hope for everyone to see.

Rest assured that NEDA Regional Office 1 will remain on its toes and be an ever-dedicated partner in development. All our efforts will pave the way to the achievement of our shared vision of a Matatag, Maginhawa at Panatag na buhay para sa lahat.

As one region, we continue to rebound as we strictly adhere to the health protocols. Together, we shall be great again.

With high hopes, as in the bible verse, ‘This, too, shall pass!’ Again, thank you. Dios ti aangina.”
Participants from RLAs, media organizations and private sectors were given the opportunity to ask questions to the resource speakers on the 2020 Report on the Economic Performance of Ilocos Region. Mr. John Michael S. Sarabia, Statistical Specialist II (SS II) of PSO-Ilocos Sur, moderated the open forum.

The questions and answers are presented below.

LEGEND:

- Questions from participants
- Answers

Question No. 1

Mr. Eric F. Malubay of PPDO Ilocos Norte:

“Gov. Mateo Marcos Manotoc wants a computation of the GDP of Ilocos Norte. Can PSA assist in the computation?”

Usec. Mapa:

“The PSA has a new product this year. This is called the Provincial Product Accounts (PPA). So parang ito yung Provincial GDP. Kasi yung nirereport natin ngayon ay yung Regional GDP. The Philippine Statistics Authority understands the need of our Local Government Units, our Provincial Governors, para makita talaga nila yung sides ng provincial economy as compared to the Region. So this is answered by the PPA which is a framework used to measure the contribution of the province to its economy. Currently, we’re doing a pilot computation of the PPA this year which is piloted in three regions: MIMAROPA, Region VII, and Region X. At the end of the year, we will be able to produce the PPA for these three regions and then next year, there will be additional regions. So by the next few years, we should be officially reporting the PPA including the province of Ilocos Norte. So yun po yung direction ng PSA to produce the PPA. Thank you.”
A follow up question from Mr. Malubay of PPDO Ilocos Norte was raised concerning their request to have provincial estimates.

Usec. Mapa:

“We understand the requirements ng mga provincial offices, yung provincial government units natin na kailangan talaga nilang magkaroon ng estimates, ng kanilang provincial GDP, ang tawag natin ay Provincial Product Accounts (PPA). So sinisimulan po natin yan, alam niyo hindi ganun kadali magcompute ng provincial GDP kasi kailangan natin siguraduhin yung data sources. Ang PSA nagdedepend dun sa mga sagot po ninyo, yung mga datos na binilibay ninyo sa amin, so kung kulang po yang mga datos na yan, talagang mahihirapan tayo na magcompute ng ating PPA. But this was I can recommend, I can suggest, parang narinig ko meron kayong consultant, siguro pwede namin siyang matulungan na mag-estimate ng GDP, siya po yung magcompute by providing some of provincial data na nandito sa PSA. May provincial data naman tayo like Agricultural Statistics. Pero sa ngayon po, to be honest, hindi pa po talaga makapagcompute ang PSA ng PPA officially.”

Dr. Ubungen:

“With regard to the request of PPDO Ilocos Norte, we acknowledge the importance of the counterpart of the GDP in the provinces through the Provincial Product Accounts. There were also clamor from the other provinces of the region like La Union and Pangasinan. I would like to ask Undersecretary, Sir, since we have already a plan for the estimation of PPA for the succeeding years, is it possible for the PSA to start with the preparatory activities such as the collection already of the data needed for the estimation of the PPA while we are waiting for the time that the estimation will already be undertaken? We could start perhaps with the conduct also of the appreciation trainings, then the collection already of the data. We have noted that the computation of the consultant last time of the Ilocos Norte is through the indirect estimation of the GDP.

Continuation on the next page...
Dr. Ubungen:
Kapag direct estimation po kasi tayo, we will consider a lot of data, and base on our observation, wala pang data yung mga LGUs natin and also yung mga regional line agencies, they don’t have yet provincial disaggregation. So I’m thinking if it’s possible for the PSA to start already with the preparatory activities as well as the capacity building and the collection of data. Thank you Sir.”

Usec. Mapa:
“As I’ve mentioned, ngayong taon ay nagpa-pilot. Lahat naman ng mga undertakings ay kailangan namin talaga natin i-pilot para malaman natin kung ano yung mga weaknesses and yung strength ng ating procedure. We’ve started doing our pilot in three regions and may learning lesson kami. Kakasimula lang namin mag-engage sa mga data producers so with those learnings, we will also engage the different regions including Region I para makapagproduce tayo. Ganun naman talaga yung direction ng PSA, to really produce the Provincial Product Account. Rest assured that we will be re-engaging the provinces of Region I towards the goal of producing the Provincial Product Accounts.

Mr. John Loyac of LGU Candon City:
“How do we account the effect of ayuda, yung narereceive natin at yung shinishare din natin as part of the economy during pandemic? We are curious about bayanihan is measured din and its status of performance among Ilocanos.”
Usec. Mapa:

“I will give an answer on how the Social Amelioration Program (SAP) goes into the GDP and then, yung performance on how big it is, we don’t have data at the moment. I will request our colleagues from NEDA to also provide additional information. Kung paano pumapasok itong SAP dito sa ating GDP, kapag tinatanggap ng household, at kung gagastusin niya, papasok ito dito sa household final consumption expenditure. Now, on the other hand, kapag bumbili yung household, may goods naman na pinoproduce on the production side, doon din pumapasok. So nacocompute natin ang impact nito. When the household gets the money, the SAP, and the household members would spend it, it is captured ng ating GDP dun sa expenditure side via the household final consumption expenditure, at kung may nagproduce naman na goods para doon sa binili naman ng household, pumapasok naman ito sa production side. So itong mga ini-spend ay captured naman po ng GDP.”

Dr. Ubungen:

“I don’t have the figures right now, but we have representatives from the DOLE, they could provide later doon sa interested participant if they want to know the amount of Ayuda provided by our government agencies and also our Local Government Units, since nagbigay din sila ng Ayuda. You could request your respected LGU or the concerned RLA.”

Question No. 3

Ms. Grace M. Acuar of DWRS Radyo Pilipinas Tayug:

“Kamusta na po ang status ng Philippine ID. May online registration na po ba starting bukas?”
OPEN FORUM

Use. Mapa:

"Itong National ID Registration, because of the pandemic, medyo hinati natin para magkaroon tayo ng protocol related to the health and safety standards natin. So nagstart tayo ng Step 1 on October last year. The Step 1 requires the ten demographic information. We started doing house to house, I was here at the start, I think October 12. Mula October hanggang December 31 last year, nakapagregister tayo ng 10.6 million Filipinos doon sa Step 1. Nagcontinue parin ang Step 1 ng January 18 hanggang bukas, April 30. So far, ang information na nakuha ko ay more than 20+ million na ang nacollect nitong taon. So all in all, nasa mahigit nang 30 million ang nacapture na ng ating National ID registration process doon sa Step 1. Now, ano naman yung Step 2? Ang Step 2, ito naman yung continuation, yung pag kolekta ng biometric information, yung ating fingerprint, yung Iris scan, and yung ating photograph. Kailangan talagang pumunta ang mga registrants sa ating mga registration center at sa mga local government units. Nakaschedule po ito dahil ayaw natin mag crowd yung mga tao doon sa ating mga registration centers. And I am happy again to inform you na doon sa Step 1 na, nakapag capture na tayo ng mga 5 million para doon sa Step 2. We are close to cover na 50 percent nung last year natin na Step 1 registration. At kung clear na po sila sa ating back-end registration ay tuluy-tuloy na po ito sa ating printing of ID cards. Ito po yung last na, the Step 3, at pag deliver pabalik sa ating mga registrants by the PhilPost. Tomorrow, bubuksan namin ang online registration, so our team at the Central Office is busy testing the system. So yes, the Step 1 Registration online will start tomorrow. Yun po yung nasabi ng ating PSA Chair, the NEDA Secretary Carl Chua. Maraming salamat.

Follow-up question - Question No. 3

Dr. Milagros Baldemor of PSAI:

“Sir Dennis, is the site for PhilSys accessible starting tomorrow?”
Usec. Mapa:

“Yes, may link po siya doon sa PSA Website. By tomorrow po mapopost po siya sa PSA Website.”

Mr. John Loyac of LGU Candon City:

“What are our learning insights, if any, in the economic performance of our region? Agriculture is very weak but posted positive (growth). Maybe we should develop this more.”

Dr. Ubungen:

“We have the enhanced regional development plan. The plan contains the strategies that should be undertaken, actually we only have 2 years left. That plan could be accessed in our website www.neda.gov.ph, tapos punta nalang kayo sa Ilocos Region na website then you could access our Ilocos Region Development Plan in the website. There is also an assessment on the performance of our economy. May makukuha po kayo doon na insights to improve our economy with the strategies laid down in our Regional Development Plan. Meron din po tayong nakapost sa ating website na Regional Recovery Program from COVID. Pwede niyo pong i-access ‘yon. I would like to advertise also our facebook account, NEDA Regional Office 1 and RDC. May mga pinopost po kami doon na advocacy activities and you can also learn from them. You are free to call our office if you have more specific concerns or you can email us at nro1.neda.gov.ph.”
Additional response to Mr. Loyac’s question

Dr. Ubungen:

“We have noted that the agriculture sector posted a positive growth and we note that the region has a lot of commodities. We hope that with the assistance of agricultural agencies particularly sa DA, we would like also to request DA later to share their programs that will enhance the production of our agriculture sector. This is the one sector that we would like to focus on. This is also in connection with our vision for the region to be an agri-business hub. So we are still hopeful that by 2022, we would be able to attain our vision for the region. We have also noted that negative ang ating export to the rest of the Philippines, so with the increase performance of the production of our agriculture sector and with the manufacturing activities, we hope that the export to other regions will bounce back. We would like to ask the Department of Agriculture to give more inputs to this, what are the particular program that they are planning to implement this year and the succeeding years para ma-retain natin yung ating agriculture sector na positive performance. We are hoping that this year, we won’t have natural disaster which will affect our agricultural output.”

Question No. 5

Ms. Donna Joy Pasion of Love Radio La Union:

Do we have data on the unemployment rate sa Region I?

CSS Yabes:

“Ang unemployment rate natin sa Region I for 2020 is 13.4 percent which is actually 8 point higher than last year giving us a number of 5.3 percent. Expected naman po ito dahil sa current situation natin."
BFAR-RO I (Ms. Remely Lachica)

“The current activities of BFAR is the on-going profiling of all aquaculture farms in the whole region. It is our basis of registration of the farms to insure their current and future activities. We could share this information to our colleagues in the PSA so that more or less, they can provide additional information concerning the farms in our region. Because we are looking into improving our commodities particularly in the 5 that have economic effect in production, like bangus which is one of the top commodity of the region. Others like tilapia, shellfishes, shrimp, and seaweeds which is also in close watch because it is the strength of Region 1 in fish production. BFAR also has an ongoing program to insure that the movement of our fishery products are unhampered by issuing local transport permit which also serve as a monitoring as to what species that are exporting from region 1 to other regions including its volume and value. As of March our agencies have issued more than 9,000 local transport permit and more than 300,000 metric tons are transported to NCR and other regions in the whole PH. In coordination with LGUs, we are helping the registered fisherfolks in their production in term of trainings, livelihood support, and other intervention that would increase their production. That’s all that I could share of the current activities of BFAR, to insure that fish, a main source of protein, wont lack in our communities.”

DOLE-RO I (Ms. Allen E. Navarro)

“We will be conducting our May 1 Job Fair in celebration of Labor Day with the theme of this year “Mayo Uno Sa Bagong Panahon Mangagawa At Mamayanan, Babagon, Susulong”. We will be conducting our online job fair in partnership with Work Bank, DTI and TESDA. The online job fair will be expanded Trabaho and Kabuhayan fair, again with the partnership with Work Bank, DTI and TESDA. The employers registered 1,564 vacancies, most of the are local vacancies, and more than 300 vacancies for overseas. The top local vacancies, companies are looking for customer service representatives, financial advisers and other government interns. For the overseas, nurses and cleaners are immediate. For the platform, the employers will be conducting live chat and a possible same day interview so they can hire on the spot and their will be tagging of hired on the spot using the Work Bank platform. There will be a one stop shop for the services composing representatives of the agencies; OWWA, TESDA, SSS, PAG-IBIG, CSC, POE, and other government agencies. You can check our Facebook page for more details which included the link on how to register for the applicants and how to register vacancies for the employers.”
"DA is commodity based. We have commodity from rice, corn, high value crops, livestock and poultry. We are implementing the 12 key strategies and intervention. We call it “One DA Wholistic Approach to Agriculture and Fisheries Transformation.” All of the commodity are focused on our 12 strategies.

The 1st strategy is the Bayahihan Agri-Clusters or farm clustering consolidation approach. It is the clustering of farmers and fishers. Pulling the resources of all the commodity from the rice, corn, high value crops, livestock and poultry.

Second strategy of DA is the Province-led Agriculture and Fisheries Extension System (PAFES). For the year 2020, Ilocos Norte is one of the chosen pilot provinces of PAFES. The target of the agency this year is the Province of Pangasinan. It is the continuous co-planning, co-investment, co-implementation and co-monitoring of priority commodities. We have an innovative model of strengthening research extension. Farmers and fishers engage by sharing science based knowledge and technologies.

Third strategy of the DA is the agri-industrial business corridors, where all resources can be access including state of the art production, technology, hatcheries and nurseries, capital and value adding facilities. This year, the DA identified one area in Region 1, located in Sual, as the one of the agro-industrial intubation platform to crops and livestock. One other component is the sustainable agri-fishery enterprise incubation, and lastly, in the upscaling of bamboo enterprise development since bamboo is one of the commodities identified by the Department of Agriculture.

Fourth is the infrastructure development. This is DA’s support in construction of farm to market roads.

Fifth is the post-harvest processing logistic and marketing support. This increases the partnership with LGUs and an intensified procurement and marketing farmers’ produce.

Sixth strategy is the digital agriculture. It is focused on the facilitation of electronic vouchers in the releasing of fertilizers, development and institutionalization of online and analytical transport. One of these activities are the profiling of our farmers. It’s the registry system for basic sector in agriculture. All farmers are encourage to register to avail the interventions of the DA.

Seventh strategy is the climate change adaptation and mitigation measures. This refers to the strengthening of the region’s natural disaster and risk reduction management center. Procuring butter seed specially during the calamities or disasters, the procurement of agricultural stock and chemical and other inputs.

Eight strategy is the motivation and empowerment of partners to attain skills. We are supporting the agricultural and fishery council. The accreditation of our civil society organization
UPDATES FROM REGIONAL LINE AGENCIES

in conducting the regular meetings to our LGUs and stakeholders. One of the new programs of the DA is the support to the youth. It is the mentoring and attracting youth in agricultures or agri-business.

The ninth strategy is the global trade export development and promotion. The development of exports for more segments and improving access to the domestic and foreign markets to raise the level of competitiveness of agriculture and fisheries.

The 10th strategy is the food safety and regulation. In here are the registration and licensing. We are strengthening the security, and the monitoring, surveillance and early warning services.

The 11th strategy is the ease of doing business and transparent procurement. We are following the rules in the procurement and in the participation of our agricultural dialog and information network groups.

Lastly, the 12th strategy is the strategic communication. The DA must broadcast its action through radio programs, prints, audio-visual, and information dissemination.

Aside from this, the regular program of the DA with regards to the stimulus package, the bayanihan 2. It is focused on the Plant Plant Plant Program. The program has 3 components, the productivity enhancement projects, income enhancement projects, and lastly, the inclusive enterprise development support program.”

DOT-RO I (Ms. Loryna Fonacier)

“We are still continuing with the established Ridge and Reef Travel Corridor initiated by Region 1 and Baguio City. As of October 2020, we already started opening our gates to tourism starting within the region and Baguio City. But as of 2021, Ilocos Norte, La Union, and Pangasinan opened for wider tourism bubble as long as they came from GCQ and MGCQ areas. Ilocos Sur is also open for tourism but temporarily closed due to the surge of CoVid-19 cases. Aside from the local initiative to slowly reopen the tourism in the provinces, the DOT has initiated a unified entry system in the four provinces using the Tara Na App, which will serve as online pre-registration for tourist and will also serve as the monitoring and contact tracing for the tourist in the region. We are also slowly working our way to open with other areas accessible by air. As we speak, we are preparing for the Great ASEAN Fair 2021 coming this 1st week of May. This will involve the international buyers. The other one is the Point-to-Point with Region 3 and Cebu which is highlighting the Clark International Airport as our gateway to Region 1. We are also starting to develop tourism products, with the help of provincial tourism offices and the LGUs involve, to adhere to the new normal. We are investing more in outdoor activities and outdoor tourism circuits to offer to our incoming tourists. In relation to the tourism statistics, since many suspended their operation of their accommodation facilities last year and this year, we have an activity to do a re-inventory of tourism facilities so we can establish and update our database on accommodation establishments and other related facility.”
The program ended with the closing remarks delivered by Ms. Teresa B. Olarte, Senior Statistical Specialist of PSA RSSO I. She thanked all those who participated virtually and on site during the data dissemination forum and enjoined them to participate in the future undertakings of PSA RSSO I.
ANNEXES

Annex A - Program
Annex B - Attendance Sheets
   (on site and online)
Annex C - Presentation Materials
Annex D - 2020 GRDP/GRDE
   Highlights
Annex E - Infographics
Annex F - News Clippings
# ANNEX A: PROGRAM

## 2020 Economic Performance of Ilocos Region

**News Conference**
Aureo Resort, City of San Fernando, La Union
29 April 2021, simultaneous release at 10:00 a.m.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Time</th>
<th>Activity</th>
<th>Speaker/Officer</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>8:30 - 9:00 a.m.</td>
<td>Registration</td>
<td>C/O SECRETARIAT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9:01 - 9:05 a.m.</td>
<td>Preliminaries</td>
<td>AVP</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| 9:06 - 9:15 a.m. | Acknowledgement of Onsite and Online Participants                       | JIM IAN A. BAUTISTA
                |                                                                          | Information Officer I
                |                                                                          | PSA – RSSO I                                           |
| 9:16 - 9:20 a.m. | Welcome Remarks                                                          | CAMILLE CARLA U. BELTRAN                             |
|                |                                                                          | OIC – CRASD                                           |
|                |                                                                          | PSA – RSSO I                                           |
| 9:21 - 9:45 a.m. | Message                                                                  | USEC. CLAIRE DENNIS S. MAPA                           |
|                |                                                                          | National Statistician and Civil Registrar General    |
|                |                                                                          | Philippine Statistics Authority                      |
| 9:46 - 9:54 a.m. | Overview on GRDP and GRDE Concepts                                      | JUANITO Y. YABES                                     |
|                |                                                                          | Chief Statistical Specialist                         |
|                |                                                                          | PSA – RSSO I                                           |
| 9:55 – 10:20 a.m. | Presentation of the Highlights of the 2020 Economic Performance of Ilocos Region | ATTY. SHEILA O. DE GUZMAN                             |
|                |                                                                          | OIC – Regional Director                               |
|                |                                                                          | PSA – RSSO I                                           |
| 10:21 – 10:35 a.m. | Statement from the NEDA                                                 | DIR. NESTOR G. RILLON                                 |
|                |                                                                          | Regional Director – NEDA RO I                         |
| 10:36 – 11:30 a.m. | Open Forum                                                              | JOHN MICHAEL S. SARABIA                               |
|                |                                                                          | Statistical Specialist II                             |
|                |                                                                          | PSO – Ilocos Sur                                      |
| 11:31 – 11:35 a.m. | Closing Remarks                                                         | TERESA B. OLARTE                                      |
|                |                                                                          | Senior Statistical Specialist                         |
|                |                                                                          | PSA – RSSO I                                           |
ANNEX B: ATTENDANCE SHEET (ON SITE)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NAME</th>
<th>MALE</th>
<th>FEMALE</th>
<th>POSITION</th>
<th>OFFICE</th>
<th>CONTACT NUMBER &amp; E-MAIL ADDRESS</th>
<th>SIGNATURE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Neil F. Almada</td>
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<tr>
<td>Norton, G.</td>
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<td>Aldrin B. Delac</td>
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<td>Noel E. A.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Jeffer H. Diaz</td>
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<tr>
<td>Gema M. Espada</td>
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<tr>
<td>Paul F. Fernandez</td>
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<tr>
<td>Oliver P.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Raul P. Marquez</td>
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<tr>
<td>Janette B.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Nicanor L.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Joseph M. B.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Dennis T.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Paquito, C.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Jose C.</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

This is for documentation purpose only. Information will not be disclosed to anyone except the authorized person in the Human Resource Division (HRD).

Republic of the Philippines
Philippine Statistics Authority

2020 REPORT ON THE ECONOMIC PERFORMANCE OF ILOCOS REGION
Gross Regional Domestic Product (GRDP) and Gross Regional Domestic Expenditure (GRDE) Overview

Presented by

MR. JUANITO Y. YABES
Chief Statistical Specialist - SDCD
Philippine Statistics Authority, Regional Statistical Services Office I

Gross Domestic Product

- Most common economic indicator
- It measures the additional value of goods and services newly created in the economy within a specified period of time.
Regional Accounts

- Used to measure the economic performance of the region.
- The levels represent the additional value of goods and services produced in the region during the reference period.
- It can also be viewed as the final value of goods and services produced in the region during the reference period.

How is Regional Accounts computed?

- There are two methods used in measuring regional economic performance:

  - **Production side**: Gross Regional Domestic Product (GRDP)
  - **Expenditure side**: Gross Regional Domestic Expenditure (GRDE)

- These two measures of GDP are equal.
Gross Regional Domestic Product (GRDP)

- Measures the economic performance of a region from the perspective of the producers of goods and services.
- It covers the value of goods and services produced in the region during the reference period.
- It is computed by getting the sum of the gross value added of each industry within an accounting period.

GRDP measures the relative contribution of the 16 industries, namely:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Industry</th>
<th>Industry</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Agriculture, forestry and fishing;</td>
<td>Information and communication;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mining and quarrying;</td>
<td>Financial and insurance activities;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manufacturing;</td>
<td>Real estate activities;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Electricity, steam, water, and waste</td>
<td>Professional, and business services;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>management;</td>
<td>Public administration and defense;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Construction;</td>
<td>compulsory social activities;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wholesale and retail trade;</td>
<td>Education;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transportation and storage;</td>
<td>Human health and social work</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accommodation and food service activities;</td>
<td>activities;</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

What is Gross Regional Domestic Expenditure (GRDE)?

- Measures the economic performance of a region from the perspective of the expenditures of residents of the region.
- This represents the final value of goods and services produced in the region during the reference period.

What is Gross Regional Domestic Expenditure (GRDE)?

- Defined as the expenditure of residents of the region in the domestic territory plus their expenditures in other regions including the rest of the world (ROW).
ANNEX C: PRESENTATION MATERIALS

GRDE measures the relative contribution of the following expenditure (or final demand) items:

- Household final consumption expenditure;
- Government final consumption expenditure;
- Gross Capital Formation;
- Exports to the Rest of the World;
- Imports from the Rest of the World;
- Net Exports to the Rest of the Philippines.

Gross capital formation:
- Gross fixed capital formation:
  - Construction;
  - Durable equipment;
  - Breeding stocks and orchard development;
  - Intellectual property products;
  - Changes in inventories;
  - Valuables.

For more information on the GRDP and GRDP, visit the Frequently Asked Questions at:

https://psa.gov.ph/national-accounts/frequently-asked-questions
2020 REPORT ON THE ECONOMIC PERFORMANCE OF ILOCOS REGION

Atty. Sheila O. De Guzman, CPA, MBA
Officer-in-Charge
Philippine Statistics Authority, Regional Statistical Services Office I

Aureo Hotel and Resort, Canaoay, City of San Fernando, La Union
Via Zoom:
29 April 2021, 10:00 A.M.
Highlights of the

2020
GROSS REGIONAL DOMESTIC PRODUCT
GROSS REGIONAL DOMESTIC EXPENDITURE
of
ILOCOS REGION

Outline of Presentation

01 Performance of the Economy, Ilocos Region
02 Gross Regional Domestic Product (GRDP)
03 Gross Regional Domestic Expenditure (GRDE)
04 Per Capita GRDP/GRDE
05 Performance of Ilocos Region vis-à-vis Other Regions
06 Summary
ANNEX C: PRESENTATION MATERIALS

2020 REPORT ON THE ECONOMIC PERFORMANCE OF ILOCOS REGION

PERFORMANCE OF THE ECONOMY, Ilocos Region 2018 to 2020, at Constant 2018 Prices

2020 GROSS REGIONAL DOMESTIC PRODUCT of ILOCOS REGION
**Annex C: Presentation Materials**

**Growth Rates by Industry: Ilocos Region**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Industry</th>
<th>Growth Rate 2019</th>
<th>Growth Rate 2020</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Agriculture, Forestry, and Fishing</td>
<td>-11.8%</td>
<td>-10.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mining and quarrying</td>
<td>-1.6%</td>
<td>-1.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manufacturing</td>
<td>-14.6%</td>
<td>-14.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Construction</td>
<td>-6.6%</td>
<td>-5.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Electricity and gas distribution</td>
<td>-32.4%</td>
<td>-37.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transport and communication services</td>
<td>-16.7%</td>
<td>-17.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wholesale and retail trade activities</td>
<td>-3.3%</td>
<td>-2.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Finance and insurance industries</td>
<td>-2.2%</td>
<td>-1.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Public administration and defense</td>
<td>-1.0%</td>
<td>0.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other services</td>
<td>-5.6%</td>
<td>-5.7%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Source:** Philippine Statistics Authority

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**Share of Industries to the Regional Economy: Ilocos Region**

- **Agriculture, Forestry, and Fishing:** 19.4%
- **Industry:** 29.2%
- **Services:** 51.4%

**Source:** Philippine Statistics Authority
Share of Industries to the Regional Economy: Ilocos Region
At Constant 2018 Prices, in Percent, 2020

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority
ANNEX C: PRESENTATION MATERIALS

5/7/2021

2020 REPORT ON THE ECONOMIC PERFORMANCE OF ILOCOS REGION

Contribution to Growth, by Expenditure Item: Ilocos Region At Constant 2018 Prices, in Percentage Points, 2019 to 2020

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Top Three Contributors to the Decline</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Household final consumption expenditure</td>
<td>-7.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gross capital formation</td>
<td>-7.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exports of goods and services to rest of the world</td>
<td>-3.1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2020 PER CAPITA of ILOCOS REGION
Per Capita GRDP/GRDE: Ilocos Region
At Constant 2018 Prices, in Pesos, 2018 to 2020

-8.5%

Per Capita Household Final Consumption Expenditure: Ilocos Region
At Constant 2018 Prices, in Pesos, 2018 to 2020

-8.8%
Performance of Ilocos Region vis-à-vis Other Regions

Performance of Regional Economies, Growth Rates, 2019-2020 At Constant 2018 Prices, in Percent

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority
ANNEX C: PRESENTATION MATERIALS

Structure of the regional economies: 2020

16 REGIONS ARE PREDOMINANTLY SERVICES-BASED

REGION IS PREDOMINANTLY AGRICULTURAL

REGION IS PREDOMINANTLY INDUSTRIAL

Per Capita GRDP/GRDE By Region: 2018 to 2020
At Constant 2018 Prices, in PesoS

PHILIPPINE STATISTICS AUTHORITY
REPRESENTATIONAL OFFICE
ILLOCOS REGION
ANNEX C: PRESENTATION MATERIALS

Summary

Ilocos Region's Economy

1. -7.7% GRDP
2. 9th highest per capita
3. PhP 110,400

Highest Growth

- By Industry
- Financial and Insurance Activities
- 7.7% 2019-2020

Biggest Contribution to Growth

- By Industry
- Financial and Insurance Activities
- 0.3% Percentage points

GRDE

Highest Growth

- By Expenditure Item
- Government Final Consumption Expenditure
- 7.6% 2019-2020

Biggest Contribution to Growth

- By Expenditure Item
- Government Final Consumption Expenditure
- 1.2 Percentage points

Data Sources

- Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas - La Union Regional Office
- Bureau of Agricultural Industry
- Bureau of Fisheries and Aquatic Resources - Regional Fisheries Office No. 1
- Central Pangasinan Electric Cooperative, Inc
- City Government of Alaminos, Pangasinan
- City Government of Batac, Ilocos Norte
- City Government of Candon, Ilocos Sur
- City Government of Laog, Ilocos Norte
- City Government of San Fernando, La Union
- City Government of Vigan, Ilocos Sur
- Civil Aviation Authority of the Philippines - Laoag International Airport
- Commission on Audit - Regional Office 1
- Commission on Higher Education - Regional Office 1
- Department of Agriculture - Regional Field Office 1
- Department of Budget and Management - Regional Office 1
ANNEX C: PRESENTATION MATERIALS

Data Sources

- Department of Education – Regional Office I
- Department of Energy – Luzon Field Office
- Department of Environment and Natural Resources (DENR) – Regional Office I
- DENR – Environmental Management Bureau Regional Office No. I
- DENR – Mines and Geosciences Bureau Regional Office I
- Department of Health – Center for Health and Development I
- Department of Labor and Employment – Regional Office I
- Department of Public Works and Highways – Regional I
- Department of Tourism – Regional Office I
- Department of Trade and Industry – Regional Office I
- Ilocos Norte Electric Cooperative, Inc.
- Ilocos Sur Electric Cooperative
- Land Registration Authority
- Land Transportation and Franchising Regulatory Board – Region I
- Land Transportation Office - Region I

Data Sources

- Local Water Utilities Administration
- Mariano Marcos State University
- National Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Council
- National Grid Corporation of the Philippines
- National Irrigation Administration – Regional Office 1
- National Telecommunications Commission – Regional Office No. I
- Pangasinan I Electric Cooperative (PANELCO I)
- Pangasinan III Electric Cooperative (PANELCO III)
- Philippine National Police – Police Regional Office I
- Philippine Ports Authority, City of San Fernando, La Union
- Provincial Government of Ilocos Norte
- Provincial Government of Ilocos Sur
- Provincial Government of La Union
- Provincial Government of Pangasinan
ANNEX C: PRESENTATION MATERIALS

Agyaman kami!

For inquiries, you may visit, call or email us at:
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Paramata Bldg., Biday, San Fernando City, La Union
Tel/Fax Number: (072) 888-4804, 607-0247, 888-2582
Email Address: psa_rsso_1@yahoo.com.ph
URL: rsso01.psa.gov.ph
Facebook: PSA Ilocos Region
Twitter: Psai Ilocos Region

Announcements
Support the....

2021 Updating of the List of Establishments

Data Collection starts on 10 May 2021

Collected information will be treated as confidential as provided in R.A. 10825 Section 26.

Republic of the Philippines
Philippine Statistics Authority

Community-Based Monitoring System
CBMS

May 2021 Conduct of Pretest III at Bacang, La Union

Oct-Dec 2021 Conduct of Pilot CBMS in La Union and Ilocos Norte

“NAPAPANAHON AT ANGKOP NA IMPORMASYON,
GABAY NG BAYAN SA PAG-AHON”
Ilocos Region’s economy declines by 7.7 percent

The economy of Ilocos Region declined by 7.7 percent in 2020 accounting to PhP 581.9 billion, from the PhP 630.4 billion of the previous year. The top three with the highest declines were noted in accommodation and food services activities with 46.6 percent, other services which include arts, entertainment and recreational services with 41.5 percent, and transportation and storage with 32.4 percent. Meanwhile, the top three with the highest growth rates were the following: financial and insurance activities with 7.7 percent; information and communication with 6.5 percent; and human health and social work activities with 5.7 percent.

Figure 1. Growth Rates by Industry, Ilocos Region: 2019 to 2020
At Constant 2018 Prices, in Percent

Among the major industries, Services contributed 5.0 percentage points to the total decline in the economy, followed by Industry with 2.8 percentage points. Meanwhile, Agriculture, Forestry, and Fishing (AFF) registered a growth of 0.9 percent accounting to 0.2 percentage point to the total growth in the economy. This is attributed to the increase in the value of production in the crops and fisheries subsectors in the region in 2020.

Of the 9.6 percent decline in the economy of the country, Ilocos Region contributed 0.3 percentage point, accounting for 3.3 percent share of the total Gross Domestic Product (GDP).
Ilocos Region’s household final consumption expenditure declines

Household final consumption expenditure (HFCE) in Ilocos Region declined by 8.0 percent from PhP 622.2 billion in 2019 to PhP 572.3 billion in 2020. Along with the HFCE, exports of goods and services to rest of the world also contracted accounting to 50.0 percent. This was followed by imports of goods and services from the rest of the world with 36.8 percent and gross capital formation with 22.2 percent. Meanwhile, government spending in the region grew by 7.6 percent in 2020.

Figure 2. Growth Rates by Expenditure Type, Ilocos Region: 2019 to 2020 At Constant 2018 Prices, in Percent

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority

The per capita HFCE of Ilocos Region in 2020 was estimated at PhP 108,577, lower than the national level at PhP 118,723.

Figure 3. Per Capita Household Final Consumption Expenditure Philippines and Ilocos Region: 2020, at Constant 2018 Prices, in Pesos

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority
2020 GROSS REGIONAL DOMESTIC PRODUCT
Ilocos Region

581.9 BILLION PESOS
GROSS REGIONAL DOMESTIC PRODUCT

The economy of Ilocos Region declined by 7.7 percent in 2020.
In 2019, it grew by 7.3 percent

SHARE OF INDUSTRIES TO THE REGIONAL ECONOMY

Legend:
- RECO: Real Estate and Ownership of Dwellings
- EDUC: Education
- FIA: Financial and Insurance Activities
- IAC: Information and Communication
- PAD: Public Administration and Defense; Compulsory Social Activities
- TAS: Transportation and Storage
- HHSW: Human Health and Social Work Activities
- AFSA: Accommodation and Food Service Activities
- PBS: Professional and Business Services
- OS: Other Services

2020 REPORT ON THE ECONOMIC PERFORMANCE OF ILOCOS REGION

ANNEX E: INFOGRAPHS
2020 GROSS REGIONAL DOMESTIC EXPENDITURE
Ilocos Region

GRDE is defined as the expenditure of residents of the region in the domestic territory plus their expenditures in other regions including the rest of the world.

CONTRIBUTION TO GROWTH BY EXPENDITURE ITEM IN PERCENTAGE POINTS

-7.9 HOUSEHOLD FINAL CONSUMPTION EXPENDITURE

-7.8 GROSS CAPITAL FORMATION

-0.1 NET EXPORTS TO THE REST OF THE WORLD

1.2 GOVERNMENT FINAL CONSUMPTION EXPENDITURE

6.9 NET EXPORTS TO THE REST OF THE PHILIPPINES

Officer-in-Charge Atty. Sheila O. De Guzman presented the Highlights of the Economic Performance of the region. She reported that the Ilocos Region posted the second lowest GDP contraction in Luzon and the ninth lowest contraction across the country in 2020.

Use. Claire Dennis S. Mapa, National Statistician and Civil Registrar General, joined the said event. Assistant Regional Director Dr. Irenea B. Ubungen of National Economic Development Authority – Regional Office I delivered the agency’s statement.

Various data sources, regional line agencies, academic institutions, private sector representatives, local government units, and media organizations attended the said event.

To know more about the highlights of the 2020 Economic Performance of Ilocos Region, you may access this link: http://rsso01.psa.gov.ph/.../Press%20Release%20Issue%20No...
ANNEX E: NEWS CLIPPINGS

DZAG 97.1fm Radyo Pilipinas
Agoo
19m • 📸

PSA Ilocos Region
9h • 📸

LOOK: The Philippine Statistics Authority – Regional Statistical Services Office I (PSA) conducted a news conference on the 2020 Economic Performance... See More
ANNEX E: NEWS CLIPPINGS

PIA - Ilocos Sur
22m • 🌐

PSA Ilocos Region
34m • 🌐

LOOK: The Philippine Statistics Authority – Regional Statistical Services Office I (PSA) conducted a news conference on the 2020 Economic Performance... See More